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(11) **EP 1 728 724 A1**

(12)

EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION
published in accordance with Art. 158(3) EPC

(43) Date of publication:
06.12.2006 Bulletin 2006/49

(51) Int Cl.:
B65D 1/00 (2006.01) *B32B 9/00 (2006.01)*
B32B 27/00 (2006.01)

(21) Application number: 05727188.4

(86) International application number:
PCT/JP2005/005231

(22) Date of filing: 23.03.2005

(87) International publication number:
WO 2005/092714 (06.10.2005 Gazette 2005/40)

(84) Designated Contracting States:
DE FR GB

(30) Priority: 26.03.2004 JP 2004093263

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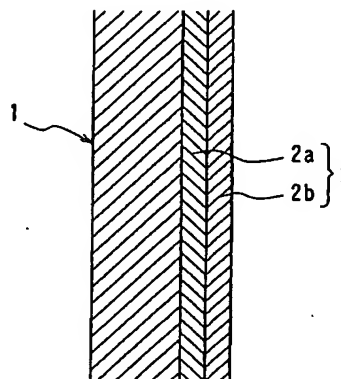
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(54) **SYNTHETIC RESIN CONTAINER WITH HIGH GAS BARRIER PERFORMANCE**

(57) A synthetic resin container possessing a higher gas barrier property, and having a coating film (2) possessing a higher gas barrier property and positioned on an inner surface and/or on an outer surface of the container body, wherein at least the coating film (2) is constituted of: an organic silicon compound layer (2a) positioned on the or each surface of the container body and including nitrogen, silicon, carbon, hydrogen, and oxygen; and a silicon oxide compound layer (2b) including a silicon oxide compound as a main component.

FIG. 1



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Description**TECHNICAL FIELD**

5 [0001] The present invention relates to a synthetic resin container represented by a bottle made of polyethylene terephthalate, i.e., represented by a so-called PET bottle, and contemplates preventing permeation of gas, particularly oxygen gas and carbon dioxide gas, through the container to thereby stabilize and preserve a quality of the contents of the container.

BACKGROUND ART

10 [0002] There have been recently and frequently used blow molded containers made of synthetic resin such as those for containing therein soft drinks, alcoholic beverages, edible oils, soy sauces, and the like, from a standpoint that such containers are easy to handle in disposition, transference, recycle, and the like. It is inevitable for this kind of container that oxygen gas and/or carbon dioxide gas permeates through the container as compared with a glass-made container, thereby causing a defect that a so-called shelf-life, over which the quality of contents of the container can be kept, is shortened.

15 [0003] As a technique for dealing with such a problem, for example, JP-A-2000-109076 has proposed a bottle including an inner surface having thereon a coating film (SiO_x) possessing a higher gas barrier property and coated thereto by vapor deposition or sputtering. Meanwhile, there have been proposed other containers and the like, each having a two-layered coating film comprising: a compound coating including silicon, carbon, and oxygen, and positioned on a surface of a container body; and a silicon oxide compound positioned on a surface of the compound coating. Although it is stated that such containers are capable of improving an oxygen barrier property (oxygen barrier property of PET bottle) which is several times as high as that of a container without coating thereby enabling a quality of contents to be stably preserved, it has been recently demanded to further improve a gas barrier property so as to realize stabilized preservation over a longer period of time.

DISCLOSURE OF THE INVENTION

30 [0004] It is therefore an object of the present invention to propose a novel container having a higher gas barrier property.

[0005] The present invention resides in a synthetic resin container possessing a higher gas barrier property, and having a coating film possessing a higher gas barrier property and positioned on at least one of an inner surface and outer surface of a body of the container, characterized in that at least the coating film comprises: an organic silicon compound layer positioned on the or each surface of the container body and including nitrogen, silicon, carbon, hydrogen, and oxygen; and a silicon oxide compound layer positioned on a surface of the organic silicon compound layer and including a silicon oxide compound as a main component.

35 [0006] According to the present invention, the organic silicon compound layer as a first layer of the coating film and including nitrogen is positioned on the surface (inner or outer surface) of the container body, and the silicon oxide compound layer as a second layer and including the silicon oxide compound as the main component is deposited on the surface of the organic silicon compound layer, thereby remarkably improving the gas barrier property by virtue of the synergistic effect of the two kinds of coatings.

40 [0007] In the container having the above configuration, it is desirable that the organic silicon compound layer and/or silicon oxide compound layer is a vapor deposited coating, and it is particularly desirable that the refractive index thereof is in a range of 1.3 to 1.6.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

45 [0008] The present invention will be described more concretely with reference to the drawings.

[0009] FIG. 1 is a cross-sectional view of an essential part of a synthetic resin container according to the present invention.

BEST MODE FOR CARRYING OUT THE INVENTION

55 [0010] FIG. 1 shows an essential part of a PET bottle molded by biaxial-stretching blow molding, in which reference numeral 1 designates a wall portion constituting a container body, and 2 designates a coating film provided on the wall portion 1 to thereby prevent permeation of gas (particularly, oxygen gas, carbon dioxide gas and the like) through the container from the interior to the exterior or vice versa.

[0011] The coating film 2 comprises: an organic silicon compound layer 2a including silicon, carbon, hydrogen, and

oxygen, and positioned on an outer surface of the container body 1; and a silicon oxide compound layer 2b positioned on a surface of the organic silicon compound layer 2a, and including a silicon oxide compound as a main component.

[0012] Of the layers constituting the coating film 2, the organic silicon compound layer 2a is brought to include nitrogen, silicon, carbon, hydrogen, and oxygen by adding nitrogen gas instead of inert gas (rare gas element such as Ar) upon formation of the layer 2a, thereby establishing a barrier container having a further improved gas barrier property.

[0013] Here, the conventional organic silicon compound layer including silicon, carbon, and oxygen rarely exhibits a gas barrier property in itself, and so does the organic silicon compound layer 2a of the present invention similarly to the conventional organic silicon compound layer, thus considerable differences are not seen between them in this respect.

[0014] However, in case of the deposition of a compound layer (including silicon oxide as a main component) having a gas barrier property and positioned on a surface of the conventional organic silicon compound layer, the gas barrier compound layer simply exhibits the gas barrier property inherently possessed by itself, and there can be never expected a remarkable improvement of gas barrier property such as obtained in the present invention by virtue of a synergistic effect of the two kinds of coatings according to the present invention.

Embodiment 1

[0015] There were formed coating films on inner surfaces of PET bottles by plasma CVD utilizing radio frequency pulses, respectively, and there was conducted an evaluation of oxygen barrier property (oxygen permeability and water-vapor permeability). The results thereof are shown in Tables 1 and 2. Note that the pulse discharge condition in the plasma CVD was: On: 0.1 sec, and Off: 0.1 sec.

[0016] Table 1 shows a result from a situation where Ar gas was used upon formation of an organic silicon compound layer, and Table 2 shows a result from a situation where nitrogen gas was used upon formation of an organic silicon compound layer. Note that, in Tables 1, 2, "DEPO" represents a discharge time (for example, 8 means pulse discharge for 8 seconds); "HMDSO" represents hexamethyl-disiloxane; and "sccm" for gas flow represents a gas amount (cc) to be flowed during one minute under a condition of 0°C and at 1 atmosphere.

[0017] Further, the "composition ratios of starting gases" represent ratios in a mixed state of gases including HMDSO, oxygen, nitrogen, argon, and the like; the "water-vapor permeability at 40°C-75% RH" represents the temperature and the relative humidity in the storage environment; and "BIF" represents a barrier improvement factor compared with a bottle without deposition of a coating film.

[0018]

Table 1

Test Item	Deposition Conditions															Remarks					
	Two-Layer Deposition	RF output (W)	DEPO (sec)	Gas Flow (sccm)			Degree of vacuum (Pa)	Composition ratios (%) of starting gases						Oxygen Permeation Amount			Coating Thickness (Å)	Contact Angle θ (°C)	Refractive Index	Water-Vapor Permeability at 40°C-75% RH	
				HMDSO	Oxygen	Argon		Nitrogen	Si	O	C	H	Ar	N	cc/day/ container					BIF	g/cay/ container
Without deposition	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.0207	-	74.6	-	0.0422	-		
Only first layer	-	300	8	20.0	-	20	-	12.0	7	4	21	64	4	0	0.0203	-	94.8	1.5	0.0419	-	
Only second layer	-	450	12	5.0	20	-	-	13.0	6	26	17	51	0	0	0.00156	13.3	30.0	1.4	0.0331	1.28	
Two-layer deposition	First layer	300	8	20.0	2	20	-	12.0	7	4	21	64	4	0	0.0016	12.9	51.1	1.5	0.0284	1.49	
	Second layer	400	12	5.0	20	-	-	13.0	6	26	17	51	0	0							

[0019]

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Table 2

Test Item	Deposition Conditions														Coating Thickness (Å)	Contact Angle θ (°C)	Refractive Index	Water-Vapor Permeability at 40°C-75% RH		Remarks	
	Two-Layer Deposition	RF output (W)	DEPO (sec)	Gas Flow (sccm)				Degree of vacuum (Pa)	Composition ratios (%) of starting gases												
				HMDSO	Oxygen	Argon	Nitrogen		Si	O	C	H	Ar	N							
Without deposition	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.0422	-	Comparative Example	
Only first layer	-	300	8	20.0	-	-	20	12.0	7	3	21	62	0	7	0.0214	-	457	93.1	1.5		-
Only second layer	-	450	12	5.0	20	-	-	13.0	6	26	17	51	0	0	0.00156	13.3	215	30.0	1.4		1.28
Two-layer deposition	First layer	300	8	20.0	2	-	20	12.0	7	4	20	62	0	7	0.0012	17.3	714	30.2	-	1.74	Applicable Example
	Second layer	450	12	5.0	20	-	-	12.0	6	26	17	51	0	0							

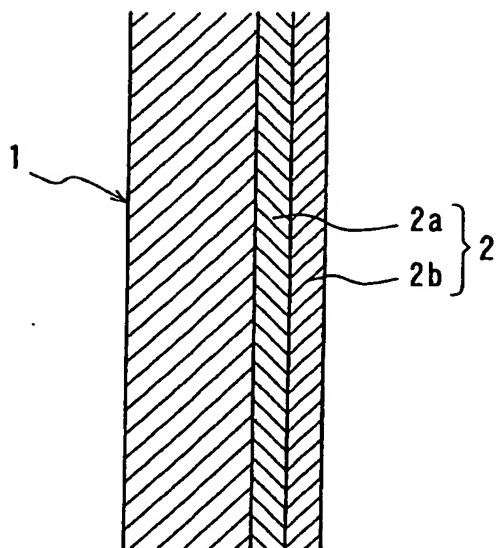
[0020] As apparent from Tables 1, 2, the container (two-layer deposition in Table 2) according to the present invention exhibits: an oxygen barrier property (BIF value) which is about 1.3 times as high as that of the container (two-layer deposition in Table 1) where the organic silicon compound layer was deposited by addition of Ar; and a water barrier property (water-vapor permeability, BIF value) which is about 1.2 times as high as that of the latter container; and it is thus confirmed that the oxygen barrier property and water barrier property can be further improved in the container according to the present invention, as compared with a container simply comprising a PET bottle, or a container comprising a PET bottle having a layer deposited thereon including a silicon oxide compound as a main component.

[0021] As apparent from the above, the present invention can provide a synthetic resin container having a higher gas barrier property and excellent in storage stability of contents.

Claims

1. A synthetic resin container possessing a higher gas barrier property, and having a coating film possessing a higher gas barrier property and positioned on at least one of an inner surface and outer surface of the container body, characterized in that at least said coating film comprises: an organic silicon compound layer positioned on the or each surface of the container body and including nitrogen, silicon, carbon, hydrogen, and oxygen; and a silicon oxide compound layer positioned on a surface of said organic silicon compound layer and including a silicon oxide compound as a main component.
2. The container of claim 1, wherein said organic silicon compound layer and/or silicon oxide compound layer is a vapor deposited coating.
3. The container of claim 1 or 2, wherein said organic silicon compound layer and/or silicon oxide compound layer has a refractive index in a range of 1.3 to 1.6.

FIG. 1



INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/JP2005/005231

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

Int.Cl.⁷ B65D1/00, B32B9/00, B32B27/00

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

Int.Cl.⁷ B65D1/00, B32B9/00, B32B27/00

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

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Kokai Jitsuyo Shinan Koho	1971-2005	Toroku Jitsuyo Shinan Koho	1994-2005

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	JP 2003-104352 A (Toppan Printing Co., Ltd.), 09 April, 2003 (09.04.03), Full text; Figs. 1 to 2 (Family: none)	1, 2
Y	JP 8-175528 A (Toyo Seikan Kaisha, Ltd.), 09 July, 1996 (09.07.96), Claims; tables 6 to 7 & EP 719877 A1 & US 2002/58115 A1	3

☐ Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C.☐ See patent family annex.

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Date of the actual completion of the international search
13 June, 2005 (13.06.05)Date of mailing of the international search report
28 June, 2005 (28.06.05)Name and mailing address of the ISA/
Japanese Patent Office

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Form PCT/ISA/210 (second sheet) (January 2004)

REFERENCES CITED IN THE DESCRIPTION

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Patent documents cited in the description

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